# An Introduction to EIA













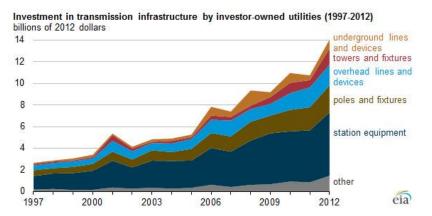


October 10, 2014/ Washington, DC

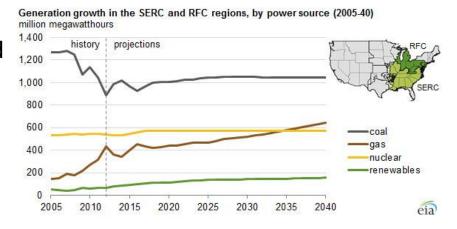
Steven Azzara, Director of State and Intergovernmental Outreach (contractor)

# EIA mission: Independent statistics and analysis

- EIA collects, analyzes, and disseminates independent and impartial energy information to promote sound policymaking, efficient markets, and public understanding of energy and its interaction with the economy and the environment
- By law, data, analyses, and forecasts provided by EIA are policy neutral and independent of approval by any other officer or employee of the U.S. government



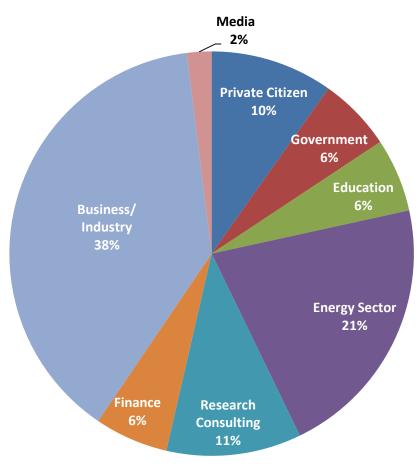
**Source:** U.S. Energy Information Administration, based on Federal Energy Regulatory Commission Financial Reports, as accessed by Ventyx Velocity Suite



**Source:** U.S. Energy Information Administration, <u>Annual Energy Outlook 2014</u> Reference case

# EIA information is used by a range of stakeholders

## **EIA's customers**



Source: 2013 EIA Web Customer Survey

## **Examples of activities**

## Government

- Executive Agencies WH, DOE, & EPA use EIA data to track energy markets and program performance and to analyze policy proposals
- Congress policy development and agency funding
- State Governments administer energy efficiency programs

## Energy Sector

- · Consumers monitor price forecasts
- Producers track inventory statistics

## Business/Finance/Consulting

- Trade Associations analyze energy sector trends
- Commodities Analysts trade on supply data

## Media

• Journalists – cite energy statistics

## Education

- Teachers use Energy Kids materials
- Researchers energy forecasting and modeling

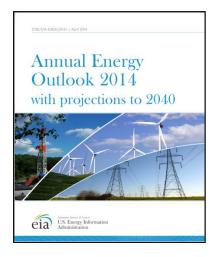
## Private Citizens

Public – research energy prices and general energy education

# Reports and publications

- Annual Energy Outlook—Long-term energy projections to 2040; next report coming out in December 2014
- Short Term Energy Outlook—Updated monthly projections on U.S. energy supplies, demand, and prices through 2015
- Today in Energy—Short, timely articles with graphics on energy, facts, issues, and trends
- Sales of Fossil Fuels Produced from Federal and Indian Lands; FY03 through FY13—released annually

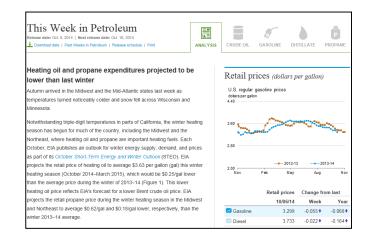






# Reports and publications

- Monthly Energy Review—Latest monthly data includes total energy production, consumption, and trade; energy prices; overviews of petroleum, natural gas, coal, electricity, nuclear energy, renewable energy, and international petroleum; carbon dioxide emissions; and data unit conversion values
- This Week in Petroleum—Weekly analysis of what's happening in the petroleum sector. Includes the latest retail prices, inventory levels, production, and other information for crude oil, gasoline, diesel fuel, propane, and heating oil
- Drilling Productivity Report—Shows production estimates for major shale regions in the U.S.

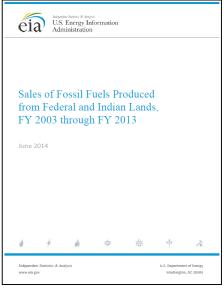


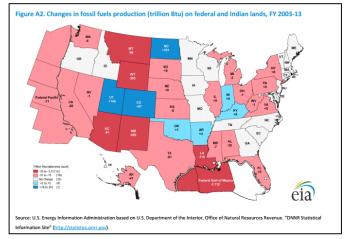




# Sales of Fossil Fuels Produced from Federal and Indian Lands; 2003-13 (www.eia.gov/analysis/requests/federallands/)

- EIA estimates that total sales of fossil fuels from production on federal and Indian lands decreased by 7% during fiscal year (FY) 2013
- Wyoming, the federal Gulf of Mexico, New Mexico, and Colorado together represented 86% of total production of natural gas on federal and Indian lands in FY 2013
- New Mexico ranked 1st in sales of crude oil and lease condensate production and 2nd out of all states in sales of natural gas production from federal and Indian lands in fiscal year (FY) 2013





# Guided tour of EIA's home page

## www.eia.gov

- Web banners highlight recent topics and reports
- Pricing information updated daily and weekly
- Today in Energy articles with graphics on energy, facts, issues, and trends
- Information on new data or analysis releases
- Calendar of product and report releases

## Navigation options include:

- Drop down boxes
- Links at the bottom of the page
- Quick access to products and reports



## What's New

Quarterly Coal Report > October 8

Short-Term Energy and Winter Fuels Outlook > October 7

Petroleum Marketing Monthly > October 1

More >

## Coming Up

U.S. Fuel Ethanol Plant Production Capacity >

U.S. Energy-Related Carbon Dioxide Emissions >

U.S. Crude Oil and Natural Gas Proved Reserves

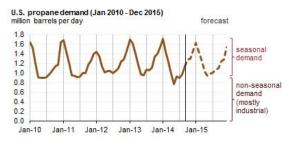
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## Today in Energy

Posted October 9, 2014

## Lower petrochemical use of propane driven by wider price spread between propane and ethane

Propane demand is expected to be 110,000 barrels per day lower on average in 2014 compared to 2013 because of reduced demand from petrochemical plants, according to EIA's Short-Term Energy Outlook. In contrast to propane used as a heating fuel in buildings during colder months and as a crop-drying fuel during the harvest season, both of which are highly seasonal and weather dependent, petrochemical consumption of propane has relatively little seasonality. More



Source: EIA, Short-Term Energy Outlook, October 2014

# Data Highlights WII crude oil futures price 10/8/2014: \$87.31/bbl

\$3.42 from week earlier \$16.18 from year earlier

## Natural gas futures price

10/8/2014: \$3.855/mmBtu

↓ \$0.168 from week earlier
↑ \$0.139 from year earlier

## Retail gasoline price 10/6/2014: \$3.299/gal

10/0/2014. \$3.299/gal \$0.055 from week earlier

\$0.068 from year earlier

#### Crude oil inventories 10/3/2014: 361.7 mmbbl

↑ 5.0 mmbbl from week earlier

↓ 8.9 mmbbl from year earlier

## Weekly coal production

9/27/2014: 19.933 million tons

1.100 million tons from week earlier

↑ 0.833 million tons from year earlier



#### What's New

Quarterly Coal Report > October 8

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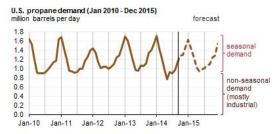
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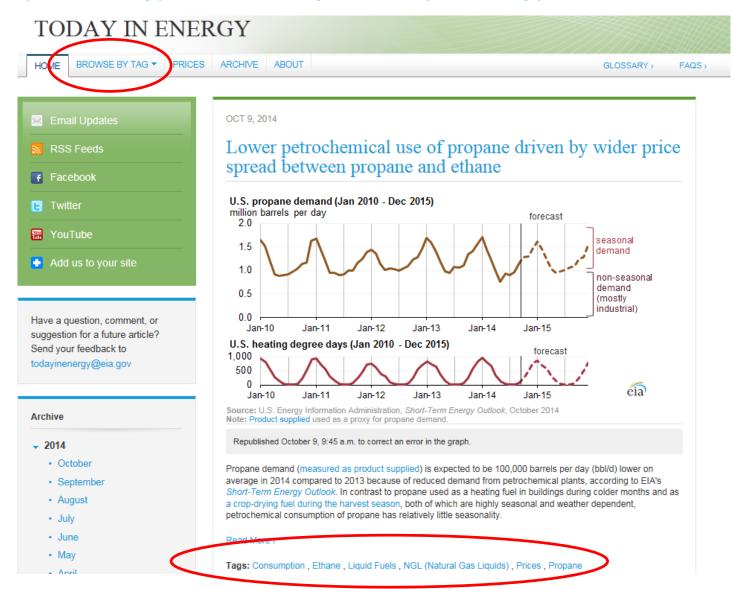


Source: EIA, Short-Term Energy Outlook, October 2014

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# Today in Energy (www.eia.gov/todayinenergy/)



# Today in Energy tags (www.eia.gov/todayinenergy/taglist.cfm)

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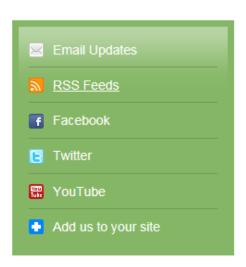
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- Africa
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## Coming Up

U.S. Fuel Ethanol Plant Production Capacity >

U.S. Energy-Related Carbon Dioxide Emissions >

U.S. Crude Oil and Natural Gas Proved Reserves >

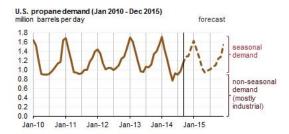
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Posted October 9, 2014

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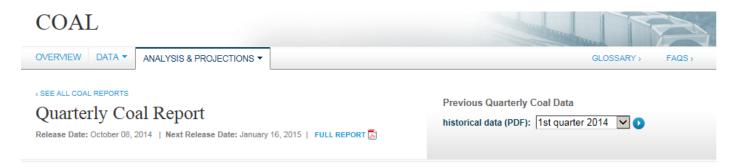
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# EIA quarterly coal report (www.eia.gov/coal/production/quarterly/)

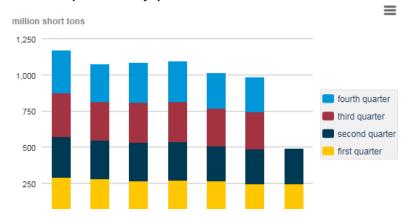


The Quarterly Coal Report (QCR) provides detailed quarterly data on U.S. coal production, exports, imports, receipts, prices, consumption, quality, stocks, and refined coal. Data on U.S. coke production, consumption, stocks, imports, and exports are also provided. All data for 2012 and prior years are final. All data for 2013 and 2014 are preliminary.

Highlights for second quarter 2014:

U.S. coal production during second quarter 2014 totaled 245.8 million short tons. This was
 0.3% higher than the previous quarter, and 1.2% higher than second quarter 2013. Production
 in the Western Region, which represented about 53.4% of total U.S. coal production in second
 quarter 2014, totaled 131.4 million short tons (3.5% higher than second quarter 2013).

## U.S. coal production by quarter



Data Tables		Formats
Summary		
ES1 U.S. Coal Summary Statistics	🔀 PDF	<b>■</b> XLS
ES2 U.S. Coke Summary Statistics	🔀 PDF	<b>■</b> XLS
ES3 Summary Statistics for Coal Refining Plants	PDF	<b>■</b> XLS
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# "What's New" at EIA (www.eia.gov/about/new/)

## WHAT'S NEW

## Today

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Oct 9, 2014

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## Lower demand, higher supply drive oil prices to lowest level since 2012

Oct 8, 2014

The price of North Sea Brent crude oil has fallen to around \$91 per barrel, the lowest level in more than two years and about 21% lower than its year-to-date peak of \$115 per barrel on June 19. Before its recent decline, average monthly Brent spot prices had traded within a narrow \$5 per barrel range, from \$107 to \$112 per barrel, for 13 consecutive months through July 2014.

#### Quarterly Coal Report

Oct 8, 2014

U.S. coal production during second quarter 2014 totaled 245.8 million short tons. This was 0.3% higher than the previous quarter, and 1.2% higher than second quarter 2013. Second quarter 2014 U.S. coal exporter (24.6 million short tons) dropped 10.6% from second quarter 2013, and dropped 11.4% from first quarter 2014, U.S. coal imports in second quarter 2014 increased to 3.5 million short tons from 2.4 million short tons in first quarter 2014. U.S. coal consumption totaled 212.9 million short tons in second quarter 2014; this was 14.4% lower than the 248.6 million short tons reported in first quarter 2014 and 1.7% lower than the 216.5 million short tons reported in second quarter 2013, All data for 2012 and prior years are final. All data for 2013 and 2014 are preliminary.

## Within the past week

#### Short-Term Energy Outlook - Market Prices and Uncertainty Report

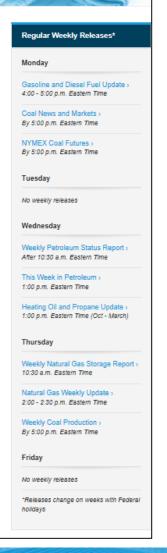
Oct 7, 2014

International crude oil prices fell in August and remain near their lowest levels of 2014. The North Sea Brent front month futures price settled at \$101.83/barrel on September 4, a decrease of \$3.01/barrel from August 1.

#### Short-Term Energy and Winter Fuels Outlook

Oct 7, 2014

EIA projects average U.S. household expenditures for natural gas, heating oil, electricity, and propane will decrease this winter heating season (October 1 through March 31) compared with last winter, which was 11% colder than the previous 10-year average nationally. Projected average household expenditures for propane and heating oil are 27% and 15% lower, respectively, because of lower heating demand and prices. Lower heating demand and higher prices contribute to





## What's New

Quarterly Coal Report > October 8

Short-Term Energy and Winter Fuels Outlook > October 7

Petroleum Marketing Monthly > October 1

More >

## Coming Up

U.S. Fuel Ethanol Plant Production Capacity >

U.S. Energy-Related Carbon Dioxide Emissions >

U.S. Crude Oil and Natural Gas Proved Reserves >

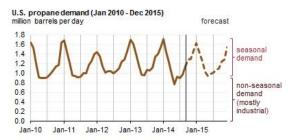
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Source: EIA, Short-Term Energy Outlook, October 2014

## Data Highlights

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10/8/2014: \$87.31/bbl

\$3.42 from week earlier

\$16.18 from year earlier

#### Natural gas futures price

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#### Retail gasoline price

10/6/2014: \$3.299/gal

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#### Weekly coal production

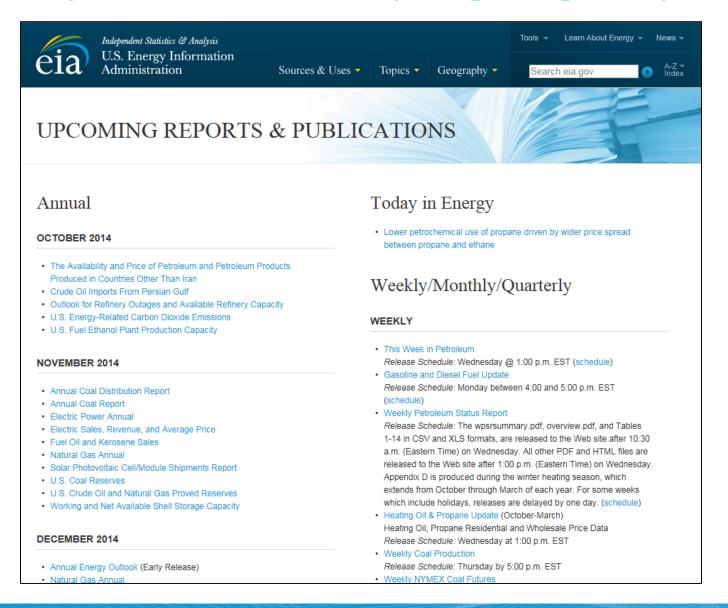
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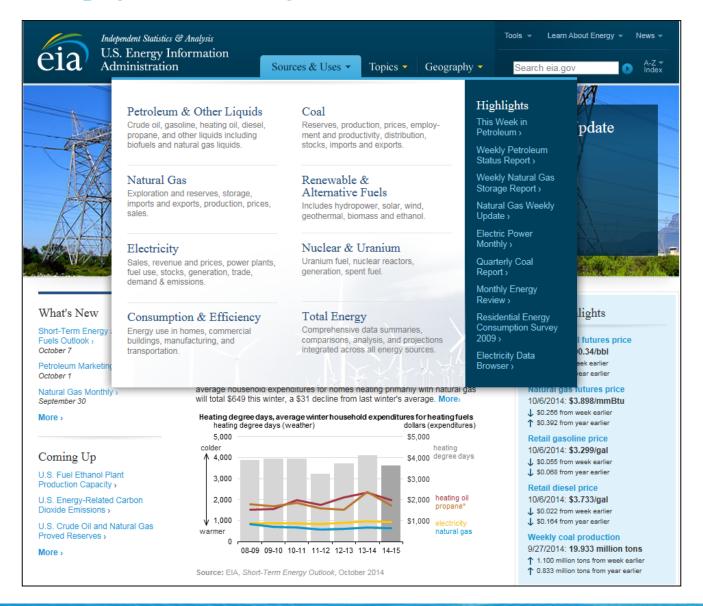
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# Upcoming data releases (www.eia.gov/reports/upcoming.cfm)





#### Features



American Energy Data Challenge > ₽

Contest #3 Open Data by Design. Prizes for designs using the featured data. Voting has closed. Winners will be announced soon.



See the presentations >

Conference presentations are now available.



U.S. Energy Mapping System >

Rankings, layers of energy information, and state comparisons

## Outlooks Short-Term Energy Outlook Annual Energy Outlook International Energy Outlook

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**Energy Explained** 

Energy in Brief

Frequently Asked Questions

## Our Experts Speak

Administrator Adam Sieminski speaks at the PRG Energy Outlook Conference > September 22, 2014

Administrator Adam Sieminski speaks to the Columbia University Center on Global Energy Policy > September 22, 2014

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Natural Gas Storage Report >

This Week in Petroleum >

Weekly Petroleum Status Report >

Profiles for countries >

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Today in Energy >



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#### Sources & Uses Petroleum

Coal Natural Gas Renewable Nuclear Electricity Consumption Total Energy

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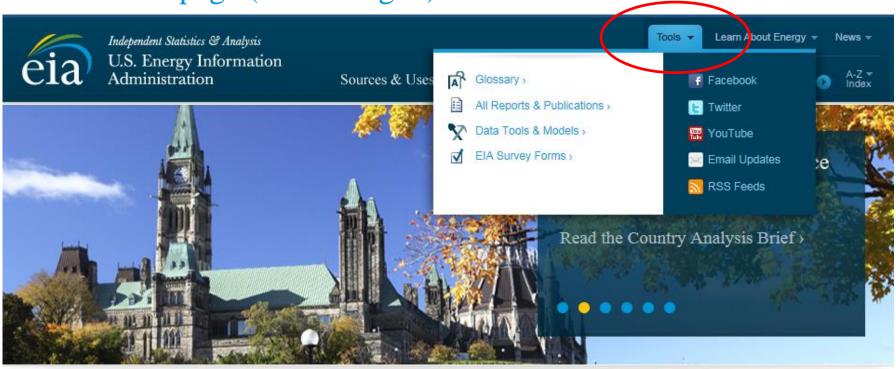
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Short-Term Energy and Winter Fuels Outlook > October 7

Petroleum Marketing Monthly > October 1

More >

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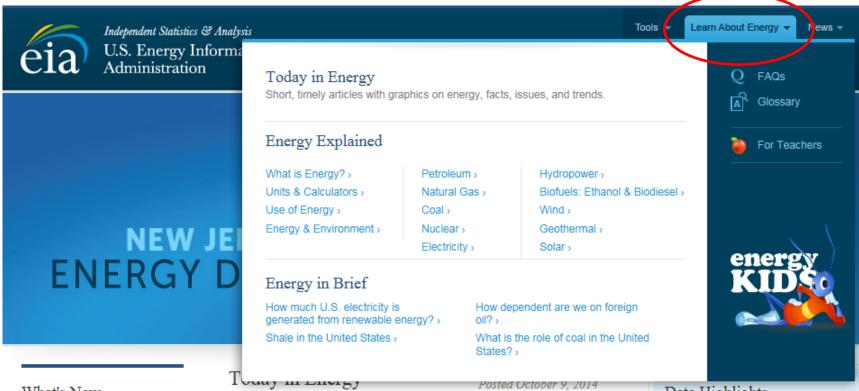
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Quarterly Coal Report > October 8

Short-Term Energy and Winter Fuels Outlook> October 7

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More >

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# Energy Explained (www.eia.gov/energyexplained/)



# Energy in brief (www.eia.gov/energy\_in\_brief/)

## **ENERGY IN BRIEF**





How much of the U.S. electricity supply comes from wind and how does that compare with other countries?



## October 2, 2014

The United States leads all other countries in the amount of electricity generated by wind, a title it has held since 2008. U.S. wind power totaled nearly 168 million megawatthours during 2013, about three times more than the wind power generated in the United States in 2008. The top five global producers of electricity from wind also include China, Spain, Germany, and India.

## Who are the major players supplying the world oil market?



#### September 30, 2014

The world oil market is complex. Governments as well as private companies play roles in moving oil from producers to consumers. Government-owned national oil companies (NOCs) control most of the world's proved oil reserves (78% in 2012) and oil production (58% in 2012). International oil companies (IOCs), which are often stockholder-owned corporations, make up the balance of global oil reserves and production.

# What is the electric power grid, and what are some challenges it faces?



#### September 16, 2014

The U.S. power grid is the electrical system that connects electricity producers and consumers by transmission and distribution lines and related facilities. It has evolved into three large interconnected systems that move electricity around the country. Mandatory reliability standards have been developed by the electric power.

#### About Energy in Brief

Energy in Briefs explain important energy topics in plain language. Each Brief answers a question relevant to the public and recommends resources for further reading. Please use the tools to the right to give us feedback, share with others, or sign up for notices as new Briefs are released.

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More >

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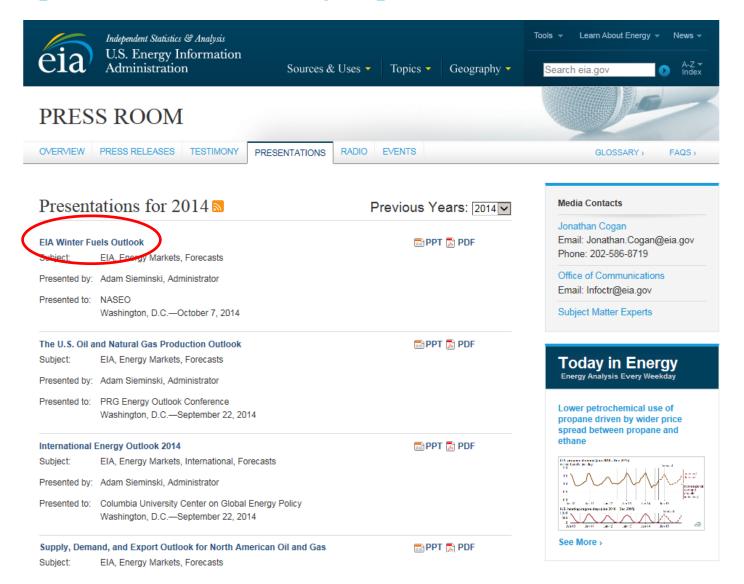
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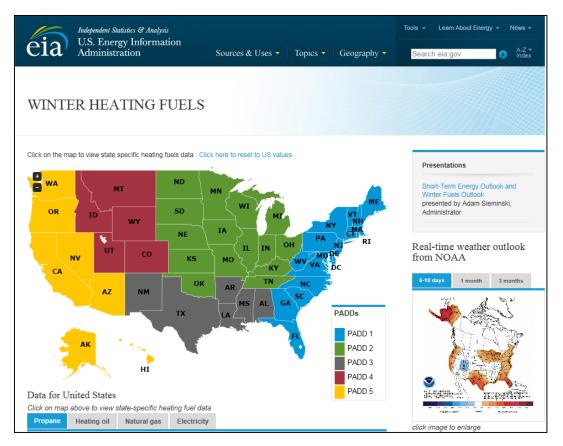
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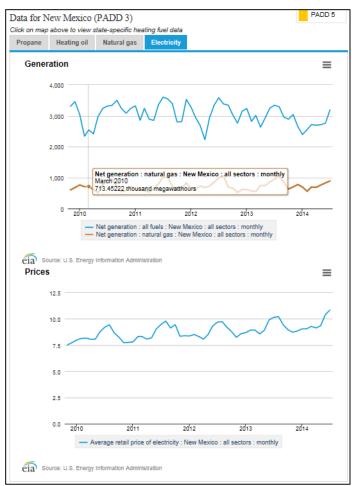
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# EIA press room (www.eia.gov/pressroom/)



# Winter heating fuels page (www.eia.gov/special/heatingfuels/)







## What's New

Ecuador Country Analysis Briefs
January 16

Natural Gas Production Lookback 2013 >

January 16

State Energy Profiles: New Data for October and November 2013 >

January 16

More >

## Today in Energy

Posted January 22, 2014

Japan

# Oil and natural gas import reliance of major economies projected to change rapidly >

The 2014 Annual Energy Outlook projects declines in U.S. oil and natural gas imports as a result of increasing production from tight oil and shale plays. U.S. liquid fuels net imports as a share of consumption is projected to decline from a high of 60% in 2005, and about 40% in 2012, to about 25% by 2016. The U.S. is projected to be a net exporter of natural gas by 2018. More

## Changing import reliance (2010-20) natural gas

100%

• 2010 • 2020

increscing reliance

## Data Highlights

## WTI crude oil futures price

1/21/2014: \$94.99/bbl

↑ \$2.40 from week earlier

\$0.57 from year earlier

## Natural gas futures price

1/21/2014: \$4.431/mmBtu

↑ \$0.062 from week earlier

↑ \$0.865 from year earlier

## Retail gasoline price

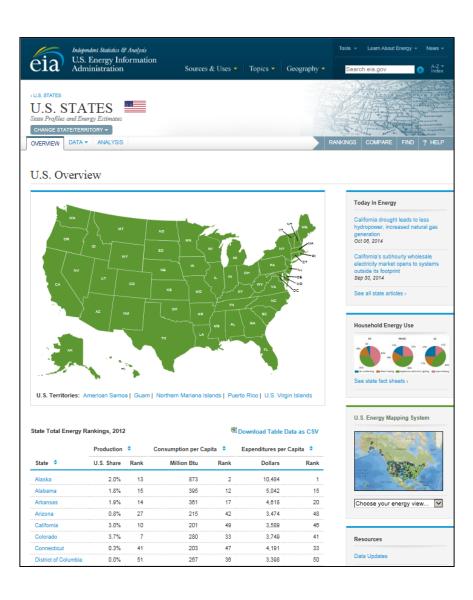
1/20/2014: \$3.296/gal



# State energy portal

## www.EIA.gov/state

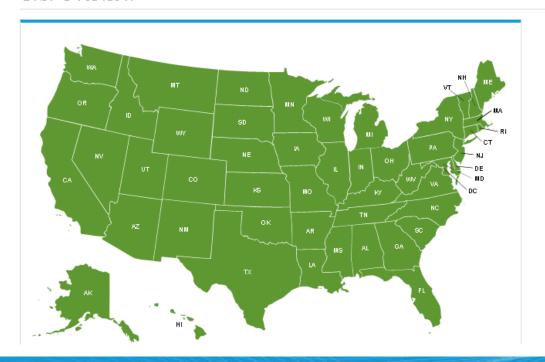
- Access to detailed data on energy consumption, supplies, and prices
- Customized graphs, charts, and maps
- Related articles on energy issues affecting your state
- State energy data and rankings
- Coming soon: Energy resource development on Tribal lands in 11 states
- Useful tools for exploring and understanding the data like:
  - State rankings
  - Side-by-side data comparisons
  - Easy to use, search and help functions



# EIA state energy portal (www.eia.gov/state/)



## U.S. Overview





# EIA state energy portal (www.eia.gov/state/)

## State Total Energy Rankings, 2011

## Download Table Data as CSV

	Production	<b>\$</b>	Consumption per Capita   Exper		tion per Capita 💠 Expenditures per Capit	
State 💠	U.S. Share Rank		Million Btu Ran		Dollars	Rank
Alaska	2.1%	12	881	3	10,692	1
Alabama	1.8%	14	402	13	5,096	15
Arkansas	1.8%	15	380	17	4,780	21
Arizona	0.8%	27	221	44	3,474	50
California	3.4%	9	209	47	3,612	47
Colorado	3.5%	7	289	34	3,779	43
Connecticut	0.3%	41	207	49	4,284	31
District of Columbia	0.0%	51	291	33	3,871	41
Delaware	0.0%	49	299	30	4,357	28
Florida	0.7%	30	221	45	3,564	48

Federal offshore production is not included in the Production Shares.

+ Display All States

## MORE STATE DATA & ANALYSIS

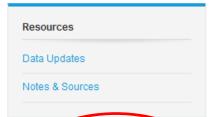
## by Source

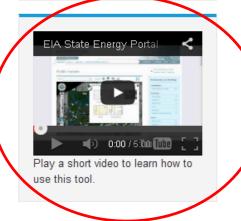
- Petroleum
- · Renewable & Alternative Fuels
- Natural Gas
- Nuclear
- Electricity
- Environment
- Coal
- · Total Energy

## **Summary Reports**

- · Household Energy Use
- · State Electricity Summaries
- · State Renewable Electricity Statistics
- · State Nuclear Summaries
- · Natural Gas Summary Statistics







# EIA state energy portal (www.eia.gov/state/)



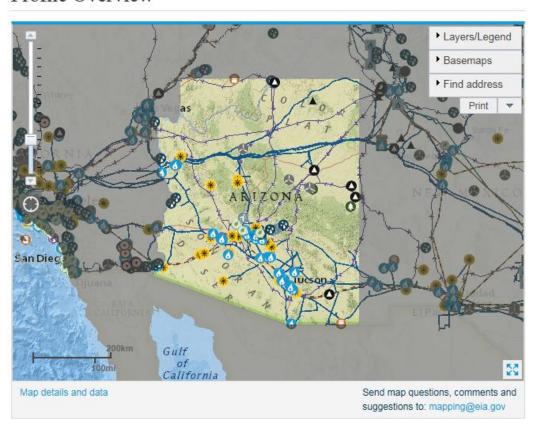
## U.S. Overview







## Profile Overview





Consumption	
Total Energy per Capita	42
Expenditures	
Total Energy per Capita	48
Production	
Total Energy	27
Crude Oil	30
Natural Gas	30
Coal	16
Electricity	12
Prices	
Natural Gas	6
Electricity	27
Environment	
Carbon Dioxide Emissions	22



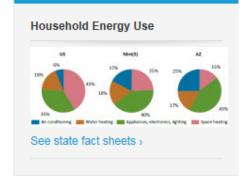
## QUICK FACTS

- Arizona's Palo Verde Nuclear Generating Station, rated at 3,937 net megawatts, is the largest nuclear power plant in the nation.
- Arizona ranked second in the nation in utility-scale electricity generation from solar energy in 2013.
- Arizona, the 15th most populous state in 2012, ranked 43rd in per capita energy consumption, partly because of the state's small industrial sector.
- Arizona's only operating coal mine, Kayenta, on the Navajo and Hopi reservations, supplies the 7-to-8 million short tons burned annually by the Navajo Generating Station's three 750-megawatt units.
- Arizona's Renewable Environmental Standard requires 15% of the state's electricity consumed in 2025 to come from renewable energy resources; in 2013, 7.8 % of Arizona's net electricity generation came from renewable resources, primarily from the Glen Canyon and Hoover Dams.
- Twenty-five percent of the energy consumed in Arizona homes is for air conditioning, which is more than four times the national average of 6 percent, according to EIA's Residential Energy Consumption Survey.

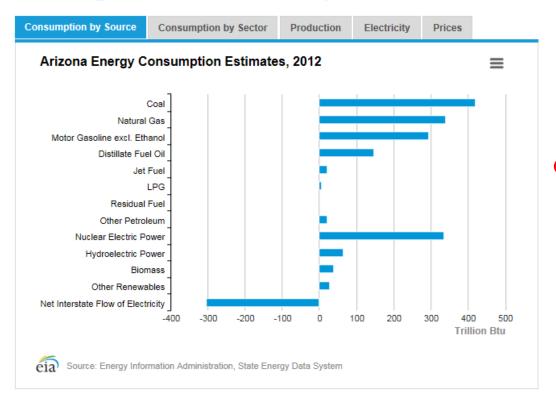
Last Updated: August 21, 2014











#### MORE DATA & ANALYSIS IN ARIZONA

#### by Source

- Petroleum
- · Renewable & Alternative Fuels
- · Natural Gas
- Nuclear
- Electricity
- Environment
- Coal
- · Total Energy

#### Summary Reports

- · Household Energy Use
- · State Electricity Summary
- · State Renewable Electricity Statistics
- · State Nuclear Summary
- · Natural Gas Summary Statistics



# Other Resources (Arizona) Governor's Office of Energy Policy et al. Arizona Department of Mines and Mineral Resources et al. Arizona Department of Economic Security, Utility Assistance et al. Arizona Weatherization Program - Arizona Weatherization and Low-Income Energy Programs et al. Western Regional Partnership (WRP) et al. Mineral Resources et al. Mineral Resources





## Other Resources

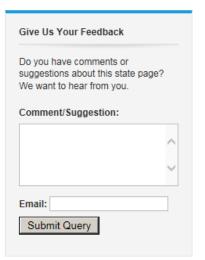
#### **Energy-Related Regions and Organizations**

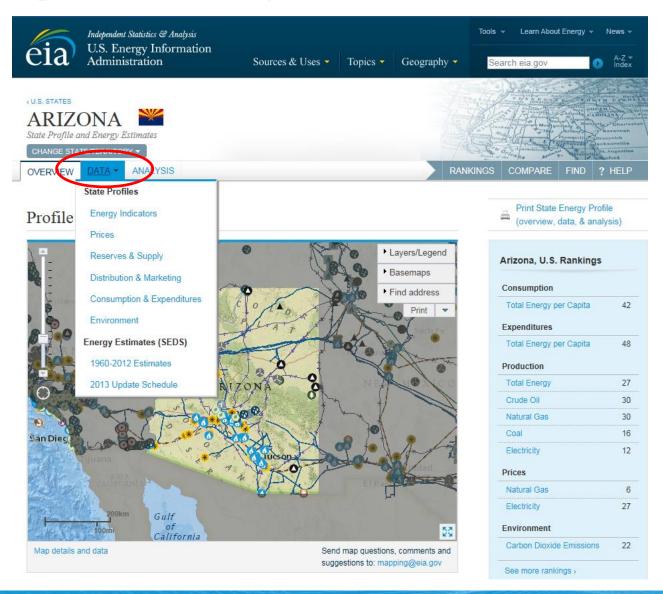
- · Coal Region: Western
- · Petroleum Administration for Defense District (PADD): 5
- North American Electric Reliability Corporation (NERC) Region at: Western Electricity Coordinating Council (WECC)

#### Other Websites

- (Arizona) Governor's Office of Energy Policy
- Arizona Department of Mines and Mineral Resourcest
- Arizona Department of Economic Security, Utility Assistance.
- Western Regional Partnership (WRP)
- (Arizona) Governor's Office of Energy Policy, Renewable Energy 2
- Alternative Fuels and Advanced Vehicle Data Center Federal and State Incentives and Laws.
- Western Area Power Administration
- Benefits.Gov Energy Assistance (105) ₽
- DSIRE Database of State Incentives for Renewables and Efficiency at
- National Association of Regulatory Utility Commissioners (NARUC)
- National Association of State Energy Officials (NASEO)
- National Conference of State Legislatures (NCSL)-Issues and Research News Highlights: Issues and Research -Energy at
- National Renewable Energy Laboratory (NREL)-Dynamic Maps, Geographic Information System (GIS) Data and Analysis Tools - Maps at
- U.S. Geological Survey (USGS) Maps, Imagery, and Publications Maps 2







## Arizona profile data (www.eia.gov/state/data.cfm?sid=AZ#Prices)



#### Profile Data

Print State Energy Profile (overview, data, & analysis)

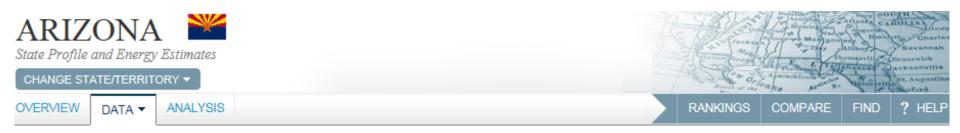
Last Update: September 18, 2014 | Next Update: October 16, 2014

Data in this section highlight only a small number of the many series available for this state. Use the "more" links on this page or the "Find" tool to access EIA's additional state-level data.

+ EXPAND ALL **Energy Indicators Prices** Period Petroleum Arizona U.S. Average find more Domestic Crude Oil First Purchase \$ 98.70 /barrel Jun-14 **Natural Gas** Arizona U.S. Average Period find more \$ 5.20 /thousand cu ft \$ 5.96 /thousand cu ft City Gate Jun-14 find more Residential \$ 21.30 /thousand cu ft \$ 16.06 /thousand cu ft Jun-14 find more Coal Arizona U.S. Average Period find more Average Sales Price W \$ 39.95 /short ton 2012 Delivered to Electric Power \$ 2.10 /million Btu \$ 2.37 /million Btu Jun-14 Electricity Arizona U.S. Average Period find more Residential 12.43 cents/kWh 12.97 cents/kWh Jun-14 find more Commercial 10.67 cents/kWh 10.94 cents/kWh Jun-14 find more Industrial 7.11 cents/kWh 7.30 cents/kWh Jun-14 find more **Reserves & Supply** 



### Arizona profile data (www.eia.gov/state/seds/seds-data-complete.cfm?sid=AZ)



### State Energy Data System (SEDS): 1960-2012 (Complete)

Released: June 27, 2014 | Next Release: June 26, 2015

Comprehensive state-level estimates of energy production, consumption, prices, and expenditures by source and sector

Estimates for 2013 and revisions for previous years by energy source will be released on the SEDS Updates page starting in October 2014.

		CHANGE STATE + EXPAND ALL
► Consumption	All States	Arizona
➤ Prices & Expenditures	All States	Arizona
> Production	All States	Arizona
➤ Data Files	All States	Arizona

## Arizona profile analysis (www.eia.gov/state/analysis.cfm?sid=AZ)



### Profile Analysis

Print State Energy Profile (overview, data, & analysis)

Last Updated: August 21, 2014

#### Overview

Arizona is the most populous state in the Mountain Census Division. The majority of the state's residents live in a few dense urban areas, leaving much of the state lightly populated and home to iconic vistas, from the Grand Canyon and Monument Valley on the semi-arid Colorado Plateau in the north and east, to the saguaro deserts among the narrow mountain chains and long, flat valleys of the Basin and Range region in the southwest. The Mogollon Rim, a steep walled escarpment up to 2,000 feet high and over 100 miles long, forms the southern boundary of the Colorado Plateau. It stretches diagonally across the state's midsection and is an area of high wind energy potential. South of this escarpment, the land transitions through rugged mountains to the lower desert. Altitudes vary from peaks 2 miles high in the north to nearly sea level in the river valleys of the southwest, giving Arizona mild winters in the south and mild summers in the north. Although most of the state is arid, higher elevations receive greater amounts of precipitation including significant snowfalls.

Transportation is the largest energy consuming sector in Arizona.

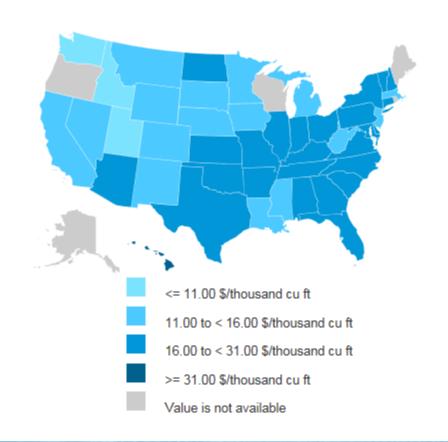
The mild winter weather draws seasonal residents and baseball's spring training Cactus League. About 1 in 14 homes is occupied only seasonally. The widespread use of air conditioning has allowed the state's year-round population to increase at rates rivaled only by Nevada in recent decades. The Basin and Range region is rich in minerals, and the state drew miners seeking gold, silver, and copper. Arizona still produces more copper than any other state, but the economy has diversified to include manufacturing, aerospace and defense, and agriculture. The state government is the largest employer, and the largest private employers are in the retail and finance sectors, so the economy is not energy intensive. Arizona's per capita energy consumption is among the lowest in the nation. The transportation sector is Arizona's largest energy consumer, followed by the residential sector. The industrial sector consumes the least energy.

## Arizona profile rankings (www.eia.gov/state/rankings/?sid=AZ)



### Rankings: Natural Gas Residential Prices, June 2014 (\$/thousand cu ft)

		Download Table Data as CSV			
Rank 💠	State 💠	Natural Gas Residential Prices (\$/thousand cu ft)			
1	Hawaii	52.40			
2	South Carolina	25.30			
3	North Carolina	24.37			
4	Georgia	24.19			
5	Florida	21.96			
6	Arizona	21.30			
7	Oklahoma	21.23			
8	Missouri	21.11			



## Arizona profile rankings (www.eia.gov/state/rankings/?sid=AZ)

9	Kentucky	427
10	Indiana	426
11	Oklahoma	411
12	Alabama	395
13	Montana	390
13	Kansas	390
15	West Virginia	389
16	Mississippi	379
17	Arkansas	361
18	Minnesota	339
19	South Carolina	333
20	New Mexico	330
21	Idaho	325
21	Tennessee	325
23	Ohio	319
24	Wisconsin	303
25	Missouri	301
26	Illinois	300

### Additional State Rankings

#### Consumption

· Total Energy per Capita

#### Expenditures

· Total Energy per Capita

#### Prices

- Natural Gas
- Electricity

#### Environment

· Carbon Dioxide Emissions

#### Production

- Total Energy
- Crude Oil
- · Natural Gas
- Coal
- Electricity

More State Ranking Tables >

#### Notes & Sources

#### Consumption

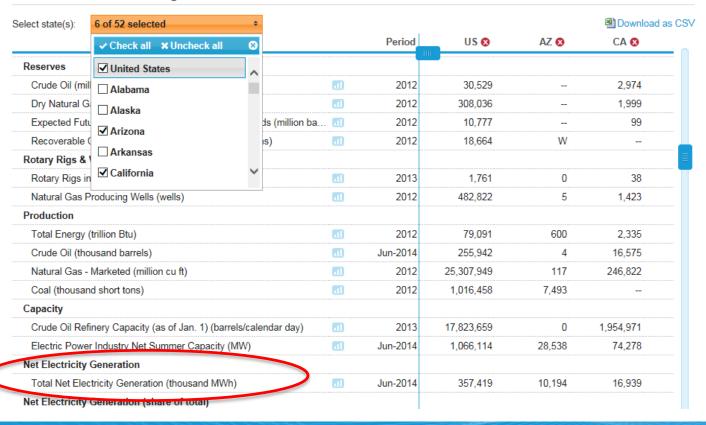
 Total Energy per Capita: EIA, State Energy Data System, Total Consumption Per Capita

### Arizona profile comparisons

(www.eia.gov/state/compare/?sid=AZ#?selected=US-AZ)

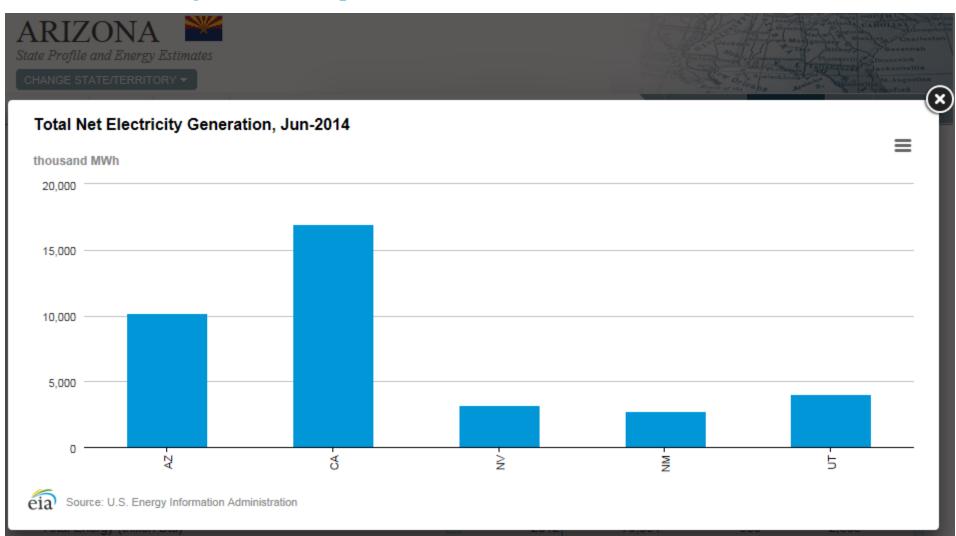


### Selected States Comparison



# Arizona profile comparisons

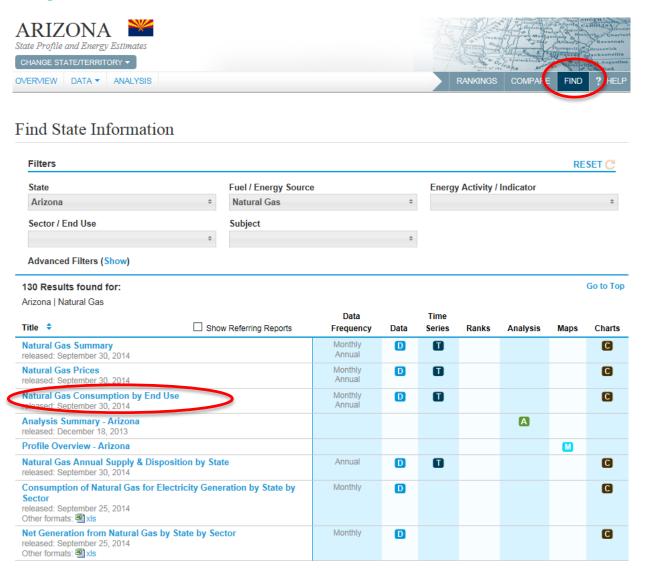
(www.eia.gov/state/compare/?sid=AZ#?selected=US-AZ)





### Arizona profile find function

(www.eia.gov/state/search/?sid=AZ#?2=184)



## Arizona profile find function

(www.eia.gov/dnav/ng/ng\_cons\_sum\_dcu\_sAZ\_m.htm)

### NATURAL GAS

OVERVIEW DATA ▼ ANALYSIS & PROJECTIONS ▼ GLOSSARY > FAQS >

### **Natural Gas Consumption by End Use**

(Million Cubic Feet)

Area: Arizona Period: Monthly

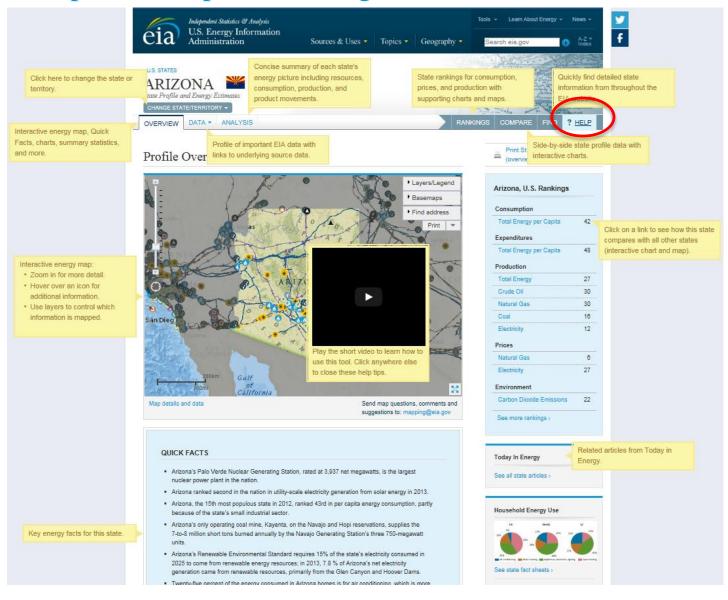
Download Series History Definitions, Sources & Notes								
Show Data By:  O Data Series	Graph Clear	Feb-14	Mar-14	Apr-14	May-14	Jun-14	Jul-14	View History
Volumes Delivered to Consumers		NA	14,066	15,651	18,747	25,551	34,334	2001-2014
Residential		4,789	3,121	2,342	1,728	1,258	1,081	1989-2014
Commercial		3,215	2,848	2,531	2,246	1,919	1,831	1989-2014
Industrial		NA	2,481	1,856	1,790	1,592	1,655	2001-2014
Vehicle Fuel		144	159	154	159	154	159	2010-2014
Electric Power		9,727	5,456	8,767	12,824	20,627	29,608	2001-2014

<sup>- =</sup> No Data Reported; -- = Not Applicable; NA = Not Available; W = Withheld to avoid disclosure of individual company data.

Notes: Gas volumes delivered for use as vehicle fuel are included in the State annual totals through 2009 but not in the State monthly components. Estimates of gas volumes delivered for use as vehicle fuel are included in the State monthly totals for January 2010 forward. See Definitions, Sources, and Notes link above for more information on this table.

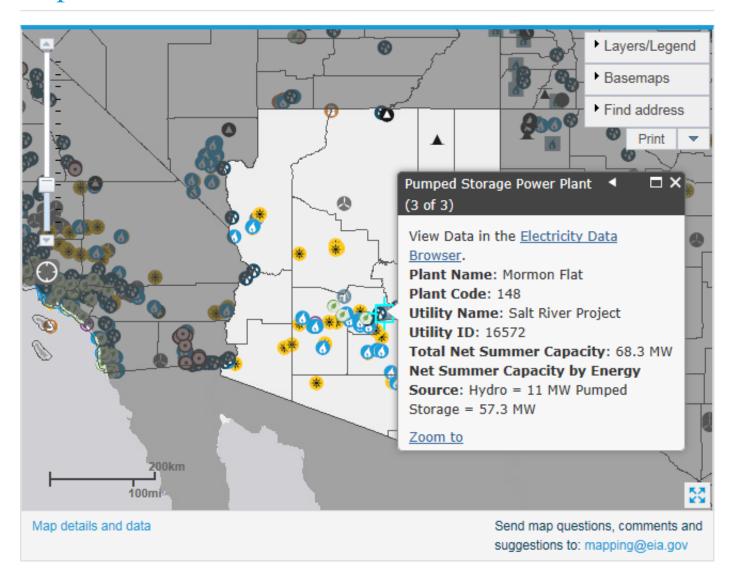
Release Date: 9/30/2014 Next Release Date: 10/31/2014

# Arizona profile help (www.eia.gov/state/?sid=AZ)





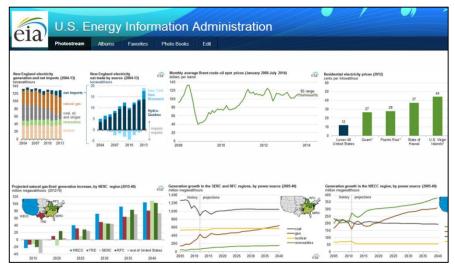
## Power plants in Arizona

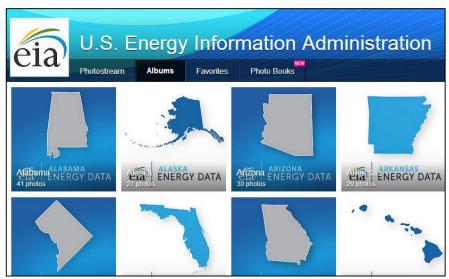




# Flickr (www.flickr.com/photos/eiagov/)

- EIA's Flickr account is the newest addition to the agency's social media program. It provides users with the ability to easily view and download EIA's data visualization products
- The 300+ images on EIA's Flickr page have collected more than 285,000 views since the launch of the Flickr page
- Images are organized by state and energy source





### Twitter (www.twitter.com/eiagov)

- EIA releases five to eight Tweets a day
- EIA's Twitter account provides followers with timely information on energy topics and trends as EIA products are released
- Topics covered include energy prices, energy production, inventory levels, energy consumption and state-based energy information





# Facebook (www.facebook.com/eiagov/)

- EIA's Facebook account provides facts and information pertaining to energy as it affects individuals and important takeaways from EIA's analytical products
- EIA posts once per day and features a new state energy profile every weekend
- Topics covered include EIA reports, data from EIA web pages, and state-based energy information



### For more information

U.S. Energy Information Administration home page | <a href="https://www.eia.gov">www.eia.gov</a>

Annual Energy Outlook | www.eia.gov/aeo

Short-Term Energy Outlook | www.eia.gov/steo

International Energy Outlook | www.eia.gov/ieo

Monthly Energy Review | www.eia.gov/mer

Today in Energy | www.eia.gov/todayinenergy

State Energy Portal | www.eia.gov/state

Drilling Productivity Report | <a href="https://www.eia.gov/petroleum/drilling/">www.eia.gov/petroleum/drilling/</a>

### Primary contacts

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